



REPUBLIK INDONESIA

**MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING
BETWEEN
THE CONSTITUTIONAL COURT OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA
AND
THE CONSTITUTIONAL COURT OF THE REPUBLIC OF ANGOLA**

The Constitutional Court of the Republic of Indonesia and the Constitutional Court of the Republic of Angola, hereinafter collectively referred to as “the Parties” and individually as “a Party”,

Recognizing the importance of bilateral cooperation to further strengthen and provide an adequate framework for future institutional cooperation,

Realizing that the increasing and intensified methods of cooperation and exchange of information between the Parties will be mutually beneficial in protecting human rights, enhancing democracy and upholding the implementation of the rule of law in the two countries,

Have reached the following understanding:

Article 1

Purpose of Memorandum

The purpose of this Memorandum of Understanding (hereinafter the “MOU”) is to establish the general lines of concertation, cooperation and coordination between the parties, which mutually deepen knowledge and techniques, and reinforce and consolidate the importance of Constitutional Justice in the respective States.

Article 2

Scope of Cooperation

On the basis of this MoU, the Parties will cooperate in the following areas:

- a. Mutual exchange of information and experience in the field of Constitutional Justice;
- b. Exchange of acts adopted by the Parties within their competencies and other materials of legal character;
- c. Institutional capacity building through mutual visits, secondment program, internship, professional courses, trainings, and joint research;
- d. Mutual support on organization of conferences, congress, seminars and/or other activities on judicial and legal issues of mutual interest;
- e. Other forms of cooperation as mutually agreed by the Parties.

Article 3

Communication

1. Communication between the Parties for the implementation of this MoU will be assigned to the Secretariats of the Parties.
2. The Parties will designate one or more members of their staff as liaison officers to facilitate correspondence and making necessary preparation for the implementation of this MoU.

Article 4

Communication Language

1. The communication between the Parties will be carried out in English.
2. Administrative documents will be in English, unless both Parties agree otherwise.

Article 5
Legal Status

This MoU will not be interpreted as an international treaty or agreement, legally binding under international law.

Article 6
Settlement of Disputes

The Parties will resolve any dispute arising from the interpretation of this MoU through negotiations and consultation.

Article 7
Amendments

Any amendments and revisions to this MoU will be made on the basis of mutual written consent between the Parties. Such amendment and revision will come into effect on the date as may be mutually agreed upon by the Parties and will form an integral part of this MoU.

Article 8
Entry into Effect

1. This MoU will come into effect on the date of its signature and remain in effect for a period of 5 (five) years, which may be extended for another period of 5 (five) years, upon mutual consent and agreement of the Parties.
2. This MoU may be terminated by either Party upon written notification to the other Party three months prior to the termination of this MoU.

Signed in Jakarta, on August 2023 in three original copies, each in the English, Indonesian, and Portuguese, all texts being equally authentic. In case of any divergence of interpretation, the English text will prevail.

Chief Justice,
The Constitutional Court of the
Republic of Indonesia,



Anwar Usman

President,
The Constitutional Court of the
Republic of Angola,



Laurinda Prazeres Monteiro Cardoso